Brazil-Dom Feliciano 2012 (Ages 13-15) Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)



The Brazil-Dom Feliciano GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Brazil-Dom Feliciano could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Brazil-Dom Feliciano GYTS was a school-based survey of students years 7 and 8 in elementary school and year 1 in high school conducted in 2012.

The Brazil-Dom Feliciano GYTS was a school-based survey of all students (census) in the target grades attending 6 schools in Dom Feliciano. All students in selected classes were eligible to participate. A total of 614 students participated in the Brazil-Dom Feliciano GYTS of which 364 were ages 13 to 15 years. The overall response rate of all students surveyed was 92.5%.

Prevalence

26.0% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boys = 28.8%, Girls = 22.8%)

13.2% currently use any tobacco product (Boys = 15.5%, Girls = 10.6%)

8.0% currently smoke cigarettes (Boys = 8.6%, Girls = 6.5%)

5.7% currently use other tobacco products (Boys = 7.3%, Girls = 4.6%)

12.4% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

Exposure to Secondhand Smoke (SHS)

47.0% live in homes where others smoke in their presence

50.3% are around others who smoke in places outside their home

92.3% think smoking should be banned from public places

73.3% think smoke from others is harmful to them

45.5% have one or more parents who smoke

8.1% have most or all friends who smoke

Media and Advertising

84.6% saw anti-smoking media messages in the past 30 days

5.0% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

8.1% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

School

30.9% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking 10.2% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke 19.4% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

Highlights

- 13.2% of students currently use any form of tobacco; 8.0% currently smoke cigarettes; 5.7% currently use some other form of tobacco
- SHS exposure almost half of the students live in homes where others smoke, and half of the students are around others who smoke in public places; 45.5% of students have at least one parent who smokes
- Close to three-quarters of the students think smoke from others is harmful to them
- Over nine in 10 students think smoking in public places should be banned
- 5.0% of students have an object with a cigarette brand logo on it
- 8.1% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative
- 84.6% saw anti-smoking media messages in the past 30 days