Laos - Luang Prabang (Ages 13-15) Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)



FACT SHEET

The Laos - Luang Prabang GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Laos - Luang Prabang could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Laos - Luang Prabang GYTS was a school-based survey of students in Secondary 2-3 and Upper Secondary 1-2 conducted

in 2007. A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for all of Laos - Luang Prabang. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100%, the class response rate was 100%, the student response rate was 99.9%, and the overall response rate was 99.9%. A total of 1,975 students aged 13-15 participated in the Laos - Luang Prabang GYTS.

Prevalence

14.3% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boy = 22.5%, Girl = 4.1%)

12.1% currently use any tobacco product (Boy = 17.0%, Girl = 5.3%)

7.4% currently smoke cigarettes (Boy = 12.1%, Girl = 1.7%)

7.1% currently use other tobacco products (Boy = 8.8%, Girl = 4.6%)

10.0% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

Knowledge and Attitudes

26.6% think boys and 6.6% think girls who smoke have more friends

23.8% think boys and 11.1% think girls who smoke look more attractive

Access and Availability - Current Smokers

20.5% usually smoke at home

24.9% buy cigarettes in a store

42.1% who bought cigarettes in a store were NOT refused purchase because of their age

Exposure to Secondhand Smoke (SHS)

39.0% live in homes where others smoke in their presence

50.1% are around others who smoke in places outside their home

45.7% think smoking should be banned from public places

52.9% think smoke from others is harmful to them

46.3% have one or more parents who smoke

4.8% have most or all friends who smoke

Cessation - Current Smokers

94.6% want to stop smoking

93.8% tried to stop smoking during the past year

86.8% have ever received help to stop smoking

Media and Advertising

88.5% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days

64.9% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days

62.4% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days

19.4% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

10.6% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

School

59.5% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking 41.4% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke 56.4% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

Highlights

- 12.1% of students currently use any form of tobacco; 7.4% currently smoke cigarettes; 7.1% currently use other tobacco products.
- SHS exposure is high nearly 2 in 5 students live in homes where others smoke; Half of students are exposed to smoke in public places; over 4 in 10 have one or more parents who smoke.
- More than half the students think that smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Over 2 in 5 students think smoking should be banned in public places.
- More than 9 in 10 smokers want to stop.
- One in 5 students has an object with a cigarette brand logo on it.
- Close to 9 in 10 students saw antismoking media messages in the past 30 days; Nearly two-thirds saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards in the past 30 days and Over 6 in 10 saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines in the past 30 days.