Nepal (Ages 13-15)	global the
Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)	youth tobacco
FACT SHEET · · · · · · · · · · · ·	survey

The Nepal GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Nepal could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Nepal GYTS was a school-based survey of students in classes 7, 8 and 9 conducted in 2007.

#### **Prevalence**

7.9% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boy = 11.4%, Girl = 3.8%)
9.4% currently use any tobacco product (Boy = 13.0%, Girl = 5.3%)
3.9% currently smoke cigarettes (Boy = 5.7%, Girl = 1.9%)
8.0% currently use other tobacco products (Boy = 11.1%, Girl = 4.4%)
7.5% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

### **Knowledge and Attitudes**

41.8% think boys and 28.8% think girls who smoke have more friends 37.5% think boys and 23.2% think girls who smoke look more attractive

## Access and Availability - Current Smokers

10.7% usually smoke at home 38.1% buy cigarettes in a store

## Exposure to Secondhand Smoke (SHS)

35.3% live in homes where others smoke in their presence 47.3% are around others who smoke in places outside their home 55.7% think smoking should be banned from public places 77.3% think smoke from others is harmful to them

17.3% think smoke from others is narmful to them

48.8% have one or more parents who smoke 5.5% have most or all friends who smoke

# Cessation - Current Smokers

92.0% want to stop smoking 93.8% tried to stop smoking during the past year 90.2% have ever received help to stop smoking

## Media and Advertising

92.0% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days
84.7% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days
87.6% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days
10.7% have an object with a cigarette brand logo
7.9% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

### School

65.8% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking 56.1% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke 61.4% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

# students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 98.0%, the class response rate was 100.0%, the student response rate was 96.6%, and the overall response rate was 94.6%. A total of 1,296 students aged 13-15 participated in the Nepal GYTS.

A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce

the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all

representative data for Nepal. At the first stage, schools were

selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At

# Highlights

- 9.4% of students currently use any form of tobacco; 3.9% currently smoke cigarettes; 8.0% currently use some other form of tobacco.
- SHS exposure is high over one-third of the students live in homes where others smoke, and close to half the students are exposed to smoke around others outside of the home; almost half the students have at least one parent who smokes.
- Over half the students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Close to 8 in 10 students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- More than 9 in 10 current smokers want to stop smoking.
- One in 10 students has an object with a cigarette brand logo on it.
- Over 9 in 10 students saw antismoking media messages in the past 30 days; more than 8 in 10 students saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards and in newspapers or magazines in the past 30 days.