# Philippines 2011 (Ages 13-15) Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)



FACT SHEET . . . . . . . . . . . .

The Philippines GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components the Philippines could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Philippines GYTS was a school-based survey of students in year 1, 2, 3 and 4 conducted in 2011.

A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for the Philippines. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. A total of 6,044 students participated in the Philippines GYTS of which 3,708 were ages 13 to 15 years. The overall response rate of all students surveyed was 84.1%.

#### Prevalence

27.5% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boys = 36.0%, Girls = 20.0%)

13.7% currently use any tobacco product (Boys = 18.8%, Girls = 9.3%)

8.9% currently smoke cigarettes (Boys = 12.9%, Girls = 5.3%)

7.3% currently use other tobacco products (Boys = 9.9%, Girls = 5.0%)

10.5% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

### **Knowledge and Attitudes**

28.7% think boys and 12.1% think girls who smoke have more friends 7.7% think boys and 6.4% think girls who smoke look more attractive

## **Access and Availability - Current Smokers**

21.0% usually smoke at home

50.1% buy cigarettes in a store

37.3% who bought cigarettes in a store were NOT refused purchase because of their age

#### **Exposure to Secondhand Smoke (SHS)**

42.9% live in homes where others smoke in their presence

57.9% are around others who smoke in places outside their home

92.3% think smoking should be banned from public places

78.3% think smoke from others is harmful to them

48.7% have one or more parents who smoke

9.5% have most or all friends who smoke

#### **Cessation - Current Smokers**

88.6% want to stop smoking

85.8% tried to stop smoking during the past year

87.3% have ever received help to stop smoking

# Media and Advertising

89.4% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days

80.7% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days

72.4% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days

10.1% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

6.4% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

#### School

71.1% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking

57.4% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke

67.9% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

# **Highlights**

- 13.7% of students currently use any form of tobacco; 8.9% of students currently smoke cigarettes; 7.3% currently use some other form of tobacco
- SHS exposure more than two in five students live in homes where others smoke, and close to three in five students are exposed to smoke around others outside of the home; half the students have one or more parents who smoke and 9.5% of students have friends who smoke
- Close to eight in 10 students think smoke from others is harmful to them
- More than nine in 10 students think smoking in public places should be banned
- Close to nine in 10 current smokers want to stop smoking
- One in 10 students has an object with a cigarette brand logo on it
- Nine in 10 students saw antismoking media messages in the past 30 days; eight in 10 students saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards; and over seven in 10 saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines in the past 30 days