Algeria – Oran (Ages 13-15) Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)



FACT SHEET

The Algeria - Oran GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Algeria - Oran could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Algeria - Oran GYTS was a school-based survey of students in deuxième, troisième, and quatrième année moyenne

conducted in 2007. A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for Algeria - Oran. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100.0%, the class response rate was 100%, the student response rate was 95.9%, and the overall response rate was 95.9%. A total of 1,717 students aged 13-15 participated in the Algeria - Oran GYTS.

Prevalence

16.6% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boys = 28.0%, Girls = 4.4%)

- 11.6% currently use any tobacco product (Boys = 16.4%, Girls = 6.0%)
- 5.2% currently smoke cigarettes (Boys = 8.9%, Girls = 1.0%)
- 7.8% currently use other tobacco products (Boys = 9.6%, Girls = 5.2%)
- 13.0% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

Knowledge and Attitudes

38.7% think boys and 32.2% think girls who smoke have more friends 23.4% think boys and 17.6% think girls who smoke look more attractive

Access and Availability - Current Smokers

10.6% usually smoke at home

45.7% buy cigarettes in a store

67.1% who bought cigarettes in a store were NOT refused purchase because of their age*

Exposure to Secondhand Smoke (SHS)

33.2% live in homes where others smoke in their presence

47.5% are around others who smoke in places outside their home

86.5% think smoking should be banned from public places

65.5% think smoke from others is harmful to them

33.8% have one or more parents who smoke

4.9% have most or all friends who smoke

Cessation - Current Smokers

73.8% want to stop smoking*

74.1% tried to stop smoking during the past year

77.2% have ever received help to stop smoking

Media and Advertising

72.7% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days

68.3% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days

59.0% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days

9.8% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

8.0% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

School

72.6% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking 63.1% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke 70.0% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

*less than 35 participants

Highlights

- More than 1 in 10 students currently use any form of tobacco; 5.2% currently smoke cigarettes; 7.8% currently use some other form of tobacco.
- SHS exposure is moderate onethird of students live in homes where others smoke, while almost half of the students are around others who smoke in places outside of their home; one-third of the students have one or more parents who smokes.
- Almost two-thirds of the students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Over 8 in 10 of the students think smoking should be banned from public places.
- Almost three-quarters of the students who are currently smoking indicated that they want to stop smoking now and nearly three-quarters of students tried to stop during the past year.
- One in 10 students has an object with a cigarette brand logo on it.
- Over 7 in 10 students saw antismoking messages while more than two-thirds saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, and nearly 6 in 10 of the students saw procigarettes ads in newspapers or magazines in the past 30 days.