South Africa (Ages 13-15) Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)



FACT SHEET

The South Africa GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components South Africa could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The South Africa GYTS was a school-based survey of students in Grades 8 through 10 conducted in 2008.

A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for South Africa. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 94.6%, the class response rate was 100.0%, the student response rate was 82.4% and the overall response rate was 77.9%. A total of 3,974 13-15 year old students participated in the South Africa GYTS.

Prevalence

30.7% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boy = 38.2%, Girl = 25.3%)

24.0% currently use any tobacco product (Boy = 29.3%, Girl = 20.1%)

13.6% currently smoke cigarettes (Boy = 17.9%, Girl = 10.6%)

14.6% currently use other tobacco products (Boy = 16.9%, Girl = 12.8%)

15.4% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

Knowledge and Attitudes

58.2% think boys and 37.7% think girls who smoke have more friends 23.9% think boys and 18.4% think girls who smoke look more attractive

Access and Availability - Current Smokers

27.1% usually smoke at home

52.2% buy cigarettes in a store

56.8% who bought cigarettes in a store were NOT refused purchase because of their age

Exposure to Secondhand Smoke (SHS)

32.1% live in homes where others smoke in their presence

41.1% are around others who smoke in places outside their home

54.0% think smoking should be banned from public places

47.3% think smoke from others is harmful to them

33.2% have one or more parents who smoke

9.7% have most or all friends who smoke

Cessation - Current Smokers

77.0% want to stop smoking

79.6% tried to stop smoking during the past year

70.3% have ever received help to stop smoking

Media and Advertising

73.5% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days

67.8% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days

66.8% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days

16.7% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

15.5% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

School

49.2% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking

37.9% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke

51.9% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

Highlights

- Nearly one-quarter of students currently use any tobacco products; 13.6% currently smoke cigarettes; 14.6% students use other tobacco products, and 15.4% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year.
- SHS exposure is moderate nearly one-third of students live in homes where others smoke; 4 in 10 students are exposed to smoke of others outside their home; 1 in 3 students have at least one parent who smokes.
- Over half the students think smoking should be banned in public places.
- More than 1 in 10 students was offered a free cigarette by a tobacco company representative.
- One in 6 students has an object with a cigarette brand logo on it.
- Nearly three-quarters of students saw anti-smoking media messages in the past 30 days; almost 7 in 10 students saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards and two-thirds of students saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines in the past 30 days.