# China – Tianjin (Ages 13-15) Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)



FACT SHEET . . . . . . . . . . . . .

The China - Tianjin GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components China - Tianjin could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The China - Tianjin GYTS was a school-based survey of students in grade J1, J2, J3 and H1 conducted in 1999.

A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for all of China - Tianjin. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100%, the student response rate was 96.8%, and the overall response rate was 96.8%. A total of 2,437 students aged 13-15 participated in the China - Tianjin GYTS.

#### **Prevalence**

- 21.6% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boy = 34.8%, Girl = 10.5%)
- 9.7% currently use any tobacco product (Boy = 14.4%, Girl = 5.7%)
- 5.7% currently smoke cigarettes (Boy = 10.7%, Girl = 1.5%)
- 4.9% currently use other to bacco products (Boy = 5.5%, Girl = 4.4%)
- 4.6% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

#### **Knowledge and Attitudes**

13.6% think boys and 5.3% think girls who smoke have more friends

22.9% think boys and 13.3% think girls who smoke look more attractive

## Access and Availability - Current Smokers

56.5% usually smoke at home

32.9% buy cigarettes in a store

95.0% who bought cigarettes in a store were NOT refused purchase because of their age

# **Exposure to Secondhand Smoke (SHS)**

59.1% live in homes where others smoke in their presence

52.6% are around others who smoke in places outside their home

68.7% think smoking should be banned from public places

81.4% think smoke from others is harmful to them

70.0% have one or more parents who smoke

4.7% have most or all friends who smoke

#### **Cessation - Current Smokers**

86.9% want to stop smoking

68.2% tried to stop smoking during the past year

100.0% have ever received help to stop smoking

## **Media and Advertising**

87.2% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days

60.4% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days

35.1% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days

6.7% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

2.5% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

#### School

75.9% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking

35.4% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke

43.2% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

## **Highlights**

- 9.7% of students currently use some form of tobacco; 5.7% currently smoke cigarettes; 4.9% currently use some other form of tobacco.
- SHS exposure is very high 6 in 10 students live in homes where others smoke in their presence; over half are exposed to smoke in places outside their home; 7 in 10 have one or more parents who smoke.
- More than two-thirds of the students think smoking should be banned in public places.
- Over 8 in 10 students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- More than 8 in 10 smokers want to stop.
- 6.7% of students have an object with a cigarette brand logo on it.
- Almost 9 in 10 students saw antismoking media messages in the past 30 days; close to half the students saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards and in newspapers or magazines in the past 30 days.