Guatemala - Guatemala City (Ages 13-15)		youth
Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)		tobacco
FACT SHEET · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		survey
The Guatemala - Guatemala City GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke		

City GYTS.

access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Guatemala -Guatemala City could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Guatemala - Guatemala City GYTS was a school-based survey of students in 1, 2 and 3 basic conducted in 2002.

#### Prevalence

45.9% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boy = 48.8%, Girl = 43.6%)

16.5% currently use any tobacco product (Boy = 19.6%, Girl = 12.3%)

14.3% currently smoke cigarettes (Boy = 17.3%, Girl = 11.2%)

5.6% currently use other tobacco products (Boy = 6.6%, Girl = 3.3%)

15.3% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

#### **Knowledge and Attitudes**

21.3% think boys and 19.5% think girls who smoke have more friends 9.5% think boys and 6.0% think girls who smoke look more attractive

### Access and Availability - Current Smokers

16.5% usually smoke at home58.5% buy cigarettes in a store76.0% who bought cigarettes in a store were NOT refused purchase because of their age

## Exposure to Secondhand Smoke (SHS)

36.3% live in homes where others smoke in their presence

49.4% are around others who smoke in places outside their home

78.2% think smoking should be banned from public places

79.1% think smoke from others is harmful to them

30.4% have one or more parents who smoke

13.3% have most or all friends who smoke

#### **Cessation - Current Smokers**

61.6% want to stop smoking64.6% tried to stop smoking during the past year74.0% have ever received help to stop smoking

### Media and Advertising

70.9% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days

81.2% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days

79.2% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days

12.9% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

13.4% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

#### School

49.2% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking 27.5% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke 42.1% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

# Highlights

selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to

participate. The school response rate was 84.0%, the class

and the overall response rate was 67.2%. A total of 1,482

response rate was 100.0%, the student response rate was 80.1%,

students aged 13-15 participated in the Guatemala - Guatemala

- 16.5% of students currently use any form of tobacco; 14.3% currently smoke cigarettes; 5.6% currently use some other form of tobacco.
- SHS exposure is high over one-third of the students live in homes where others smoke, and half of the students are exposed to smoke around others outside of the home; 3 in 10 students have at least one parent who smokes.
- Eight in 10 students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Over three-quarters of the students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- More than 6 in 10 current smokers want to stop smoking.
- One in 8 students has an object with a cigarette brand logo on it.
- Seven in 10 students saw antismoking media messages in the past 30 days; 8 in 10 students saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards and in newspapers or magazines in the past 30 days.