Kyrgyzstan (Ages 13-15)	youth
Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)	tobacco
FACT SHEET · · · · · · · · · · · ·	survey

The Kyrgyzstan GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Kyrgyzstan could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Kyrgyzstan GYTS was a school-based survey of students in grades 7 through 9 conducted in 2004. A two-stage cluster

sample design was used to produce representative data for all of Kyrgyzstan. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100%, the class response rate was 100%, the student response rate was 98.8%, and the overall response rate was 98.8%. A total of 3,434 students aged 13-15 participated in the Kyrgyzstan GYTS.

Prevalence

19.7% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boys = 28.8%, Girls = 13.3%)

- 7.2% currently use any tobacco product (Boys = 10.8%, Girls = 4.8%)
- 5.5% currently smoke cigarettes (Boys = 7.6%, Girls = 4.2%)
- 0.9% currently daily cigarette smokers (Boys = 1.3%, Girls = 0.6%)
- 3.8% currently smoke cigars (Boys = 5.4%, Girls = 2.8%)
- 29.1% ever smokers initiated smoking before age ten (Boys = 33.3%, Girls = 20.8%)

27.4% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year (Boys = 26.8%, Girls = 27.8%)

Access and Availability - Current Smokers

5.7% usually smoke at home

78.9% buy cigarettes in a store

92.0% who bought cigarettes in a store were NOT refused purchase because of their age

Exposure to Secondhand Smoke (SHS)

- 64.4% live in homes where others smoke in their presence
- 64.9% are around others who smoke in places outside their home
- 91.1% think smoking should be banned from public places
- 53.4% think smoke from others is harmful to them
- 37.1% have one or more parents who smoke

5.7% have most or all friends who smoke

Cessation - Current Smokers

69.5% want to stop smoking

80.8% tried to stop smoking during the past year

73.1% have ever received help to stop smoking

3.1% always have or feel like having a cigarette first thing in the morning

Media and Advertising

80.8% saw anti-smoking media messages vs. 76.4% saw pro media messages on TV 64.8% saw anti messages vs. 66.0% saw pro messages on billboards

48.2% saw anti smoking ads vs. 57.3% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines

12.9% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

10.5% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

Highlights

- 7.2% of students currently use any form of tobacco; 5.5% currently smoke cigarettes; 3.8% currently smoke cigars; 27.4% never smokers likely to initiate smoking next year.
- SHS exposure is very high over 6 in 10 students live in homes where others smoke in their presence; Close to two-thirds are exposed to smoke in public places; More than one-third have one or more parents who smoke.
- Over half the students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Nine in 10 students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- Seven 7 in 10 smokers want to quit.
- One 1 in 8 students has an object with a cigarette brand logo.
- Eight in 10 students saw antismoking messages on TV vs. over three-quarters saw pro messages; Over 6 in 10 saw anti messages on billboards vs. two-thirds saw pro messages; almost half saw anti ads in newspapers vs. close to 3 in 5 saw pro ads.