

# Laos - Savannakhet (Ages 13-15)

## Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)

### FACT SHEET . . . . .



The Laos - Savannakhet GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Laos - Savannakhet could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Laos - Savannakhet GYTS was a school-based survey of students in Secondary 2-3, conducted in 2007. A two-stage

cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for all of Laos - Savannakhet. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100%, the class response rate was 100%, the student response rate was 98.1%, and the overall response rate was 98.1%. A total of 2,197 students aged 13-15 participated in the Laos - Savannakhet GYTS.

### Prevalence

- 10.3% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boy = 17.5%, Girl = 3.1%)
- 9.1% currently use any tobacco product (Boy = 14.5%, Girl = 3.8%)
- 5.9% currently smoke cigarettes (Boy = 11.2%, Girl = 0.9%)
- 5.0% currently use other tobacco products (Boy = 6.5%, Girl = 3.6%)
- 7.4% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

### Knowledge and Attitudes

- 24.5% think boys and 5.9% think girls who smoke have more friends
- 9.5% think boys and 4.2% think girls who smoke look more attractive

### Access and Availability - Current Smokers

- 14.9% usually smoke at home
- 45.6% buy cigarettes in a store
- 72.8% who bought cigarettes in a store were NOT refused purchase because of their age

### Exposure to Secondhand Smoke (SHS)

- 50.2% live in homes where others smoke in their presence
- 60.9% are around others who smoke in places outside their home
- 49.0% think smoking should be banned from public places
- 61.0% think smoke from others is harmful to them
- 55.1% have one or more parents who smoke
- 4.9% have most or all friends who smoke

### Cessation - Current Smokers

- 98.2% want to stop smoking
- 85.5% tried to stop smoking during the past year
- 86.7% have ever received help to stop smoking

### Media and Advertising

- 90.8% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days
- 57.7% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days
- 56.9% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days
- 14.1% have an object with a cigarette brand logo
- 10.0% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

### School

- 59.3% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking
- 35.2% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke
- 52.2% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

### Highlights

- Close to 1 in 10 students currently use any form of tobacco; 5.9% currently smoke cigarettes; 5.0% currently use other tobacco products.
- SHS exposure is very high – half the students live in homes where others smoke; more than 6 in 10 are exposed to smoke in public places; over half the students have one or more parents who smoke.
- More than 6 in 10 students think that smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Almost half the students think smoking should be banned in public places.
- Nearly all smokers want to stop.
- One in 7 students has an object with a cigarette brand logo on it.
- More than 9 in 10 students saw anti-smoking media messages in the past 30 days; Over half the students saw pro-smoking media messages on billboards and in newspapers or magazines in the past 30 days.

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