# Oman (Ages 13-15) Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)



FACT SHEET . . . . . . . . . . . . .

The Oman GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Oman could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Oman GYTS was a school-based survey of students in grades 7 through 10 conducted in 2007. A two-stage cluster

sample design was used to produce representative data for all of Oman. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100%, the class response rate was 100%, the student response rate was 96.8%, and the overall response rate was 96.8%. A total of 1,214 students aged 13-15 years participated in the Oman GYTS.

#### **Prevalence**

10.0% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boy = 14.5%, Girl = 5.7%)

15.2% currently use any tobacco product (Boy = 17.8%, Girl = 11.3%)

2.3% currently smoke cigarettes (Boy = 3.5%, Girl = 1.2%)

14.4% currently use other tobacco products (Boy = 16.9%, Girl = 10.6%)

12.5% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

#### **Knowledge and Attitudes**

29.4% think boys and 19.7% think girls who smoke have more friends 24.6% think boys and 19.0% think girls who smoke look more attractive

## **Exposure to Secondhand Smoke (SHS)**

13.9% live in homes where others smoke in their presence

27.4% are around others who smoke in places outside their home

81.3% think smoking should be banned from public places

65.1% think smoke from others is harmful to them

14.0% have one or more parents who smoke

3.0% have most or all friends who smoke

## Media and Advertising

75.1% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days

64.3% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days

65.4% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days

12.4% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

6.7% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

#### **School**

66.5% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking 47.8% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke 43.8% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

## **Highlights**

- 15.2% of students currently use any form of tobacco; 2.3% currently smoke cigarettes; 14.4% currently use some other form of tobacco (Shisha, cigars, chewing tobacco, or snuff).
- SHS exposure is moderate Over one in 10 students live in homes where others smoke in their presence; More than one-quarter are exposed to smoke in public places; 14% have one or more parents who smoke.
- Close to two-thirds of the students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- More than eight in 10 students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- One in 8 students has an object with a cigarette brand logo on it.
- Three-quarters of the students saw anti-smoking media messages in the past 30 days; Nearly two-thirds of students saw procigarette ads on billboards and in newspapers or magazines in the past 30 days.