Romania (Ages 13-15)	youth
Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)	tobacco
	tobacco survey

The Romania GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Romania could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Romania GYTS was a school-based survey of students in grades 6 through 10 conducted in 2004.

Prevalence

49.9% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boys = 60.2%, Girls = 40.7%)

18.3% currently use any tobacco product (Boys = 22.2%, Girls = 14.8%)

17.6% currently smoke cigarettes (Boys = 21.5%, Girls = 14.3%)

3.3% currently daily cigarette smokers (Boys = 4.6%, Girls = 2.2%)

4.1% currently smoke cigars (Boys = 5.7%, Girls = 2.6%)

29.9% ever smokers initiated smoking before age ten (Boys = 35.7%, Girls = 22.1%)

28.5% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year (Boys = 19.7%, Girls = 33.7%)

Access and Availability - Current Smokers

10.2% usually smoke at home

59.9% buy cigarettes in a store

68.9% who bought cigarettes in a store were NOT refused purchase because of their age

Exposure to Secondhand Smoke (SHS)

- 90.4% live in homes where others smoke in their presence
- \$1.5% are around others who smoke in places outside their home
- 86.1% think smoking should be banned from public places
- 58.1% think smoke from others is harmful to them
- 63.7% have one or more parents who smoke

14.0% have most or all friends who smoke

Cessation - Current Smokers

55.4% want to stop smoking

76.3% tried to stop smoking during the past year

77.2% have ever received help to stop smoking

4.7% always have or feel like having a cigarette first thing in the morning

Media and Advertising

87.7% saw anti-smoking media messages vs. 85.4% saw pro media messages on TV 60.3% saw anti messages vs. 78.6% saw pro messages on billboards

53.6% saw anti smoking ads vs. 72.7% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines

21.8% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

11.5% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

School

61.6% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking 52.4% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke 54.4% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for all of Romania. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100%, the class response rate was 100%, the student response rate was 58.0%, and the overall response rate was 58.0%. A total of 2,504 students aged 13-15 participated in the Romania GYTS.

Highlights

- 18.3% of students currently use any form of tobacco; 17.6% currently smoke cigarettes; 3.3% are current daily smokers; 4.1% currently smoke cigars; 3 in 10 never smokers likely to initiate smoking next year.
- SHS exposure is very high 9 in 10 students live in homes where others smoke in their presence; over 8 in 10 are exposed to smoke in public places; close to twothirds of the students have one or more parents who smoke.
- Nearly 6 in 10 students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- More than 8 in 10 students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- Over half of current smokers want to quit.
- One 1 in 5 students has an object with a cigarette brand logo.
- Close to 9 in 10 students saw antismoking messages on TV vs. over 8 in 10 saw pro messages; 6 in 10 saw anti messages on billboards vs. over three-quarters saw pro messages; over half saw anti ads in newspapers vs. over 7 in 10 saw pro ads.