Turkey (Ages 13-15) Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)



FACT SHEET

The Turkey GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Turkey could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Turkey GYTS was a school-based survey of students in primary 7 and 8, and high school 1 conducted in 2003.

A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for all of Turkey. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100.0%, the class response rate was 100%, the student response rate was 92.1%, and the overall response rate was 92.1%. A total of 11,441 students aged 13-15 participated in the Turkey GYTS.

Prevalence

26.3% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boys = 31.7%, Girls = 19.7%)

8.4% currently use any tobacco product (Boys = 11.1%, Girls = 4.4%)

6.9% currently smoke cigarettes (Boys = 9.4%, Girls = 3.5%)

1.4% currently daily cigarette smokers (Boys = 1.9%, Girls = 0.4%)

2.3% currently smoke cigars (Boys = 2.9%, Girls = 1.0%)

30.7% ever smokers initiated smoking before age ten (Boys = 34.9%, Girls = 23.7%)

7.0% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year (Boys = 8.2%, Girls = 5.3%)

Access and Availability - Current Smokers

23.2% usually smoke at home

46.5% buy cigarettes in a store

86.4% who bought cigarettes in a store were NOT refused purchase because of their age

Exposure to Secondhand Smoke (SHS)

81.6% live in homes where others smoke in their presence

85.9% are around others who smoke in places outside their home

91.4% think smoking should be banned from public places

80.3% think smoke from others is harmful to them

59.8% have one or more parents who smoke

5.4% have most or all friends who smoke

Cessation - Current Smokers

65.3% want to stop smoking

61.4% tried to stop smoking during the past year

71.5% have ever received help to stop smoking

13.1% always have or feel like having a cigarette first thing in the morning

Media and Advertising

57.0% saw anti-smoking media messages vs. 50.8% saw pro media messages on TV

41.0% saw anti messages vs. 33.4% saw pro messages on billboards

42.0% saw anti smoking ads vs. 27.9% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines

10.1% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

7.6% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

School

52.8% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking

21.1% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke

40.1% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

Highlights

- 8.4% of students currently use any form of tobacco; 6.9% currently smoke cigarettes; 1.4% current daily smokers; 2.3% currently smoke cigars; 3 in 10 ever smokers initiated smoking before age 10.
- SHS exposure is very high Over 4 in 5 students live in homes where others smoke in their presence; over 4 in 5 are exposed to smoke in public places; Almost 3 in 5 have one or more parents who smoke.
- Four in 5 students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- More than 9 in 10 students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- Close to two-thirds of smokers want to quit.
- One in 10 students has an object with a cigarette brand logo.
- Close to 3 in 5 students saw antismoking messages on TV vs. half saw pro messages; More than 2 in 5 saw anti messages on billboards vs. one-third saw pro messages; Over 2 in 5 saw anti ads in newspapers vs. close to 3 in 10 saw pro ads.
- Half had been taught in school about the dangers of smoking.