Yemen (Ages 13-15) Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)



FACT SHEET

The Yemen GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Yemen could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Yemen GYTS was a school-based survey of students in grades 7 through 9 conducted in 2008.

A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for Yemen. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100%, the class response rate was 100%, the student response rate was 83.5%, and the overall response rate was 83.5%. A total of 1,219 students aged 13-15 participated in the Yemen GYTS.

Prevalence

14.0% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Male = 15.3%, Female = 9.6%)

14.1% currently use any tobacco product (Male = 14.5%, Female = 10.5%)

3.9% currently smoke cigarettes (Male = 4.2%, Female = 1.6%)

12.4% currently use other tobacco products (Male = 12.1%, Female = 10.1%)

24.1% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

Knowledge and Attitudes

26.3% think boys and 14.0% think girls who smoke have more friends 25.6% think boys and 16.2% think girls who smoke look more attractive

Exposure to Secondhand Smoke (SHS)

44.9% live in homes where others smoke in their presence

42.7% are around others who smoke in places outside their home

72.5% think smoking should be banned from public places

53.8% think smoke from others is harmful to them

43.0% have one or more parents who smoke

8.7% have most or all friends who smoke

Media and Advertising

74.5% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days

61.5% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days

62.3% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days

22.1% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

9.3% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

School

39.3% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking

Highlights

- 14.1% of students currently use any form of tobacco; 3.9% currently smoke cigarettes; one in 10 currently use some other form of tobacco; 4.5% currently smoke shisha.
- SHS exposure is high Over 4 in 10 students live in homes where others smoke in their presence; Four in 10 are exposed to smoke in public places; 4 in 10 students have one or more parents who smoke.
- More than half the students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Close to three-quarters of the students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- Nearly 1 in 4 students has an object with a cigarette brand logo on it.
- Three-quarters of the students saw anti-smoking media messages in the past 30 days; 6 in 10 students saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards and in newspapers or magazines in the past 30 days.