# Zambia – Kafue (Ages 13-15) Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)

# FACT SHEET . . . . . . . . . . .

The Zambia - Kafue GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Zambia - Kafue could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Zambia - Kafue GYTS was a school-based survey of students in grades 7, 8 and 9 conducted in 2002.

A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for all of Zambia - Kafue. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 96%, the class response rate was 100%, the student response rate was 80.7%, and the overall response rate was 77.4%. A total of 1,182 students aged 13-15 participated in the Zambia - Kafue GYTS.

#### **Prevalence**

16.1% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boy = 20.0%, Girl = 11.9%)

20.1% currently use any tobacco product (Boy = 21.1%, Girl = 18.4%)

8.6% currently smoke cigarettes (Boy = 10.6%, Girl = 5.9%)

15.0% currently use other tobacco products (Boy = 15.7%, Girl = 14.2%)

35.4% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

### **Knowledge and Attitudes**

29.3% think boys and 21.7% think girls who smoke have more friends 23.2% think boys and 21.6% think girls who smoke look more attractive

### **Access and Availability - Current Smokers**

25.1% usually smoke at home

20.7% buy cigarettes in a store

28.9% who bought cigarettes in a store were NOT refused purchase because of their age

## **Exposure to Secondhand Smoke (SHS)**

23.7% live in homes where others smoke in their presence

34.1% are around others who smoke in places outside their home

34.9% think smoking should be banned from public places

29.2% think smoke from others is harmful to them

22.8% have one or more parents who smoke

10.5% have most or all friends who smoke

#### **Cessation - Current Smokers**

76.2% have ever received help to stop smoking

## Media and Advertising

64.3% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days

50.0% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days

55.9% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days

20.2% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

16.9% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

#### School

39.1% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking 26.7% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke 42.0% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

# **Highlights**

- One in 5 students currently use any form of tobacco; 8.6% currently smoke cigarettes; 15% currently use some other form of tobacco.
- SHS exposure is high almost one-quarter of the students live in homes where others smoke in their presence; over one-third are exposed to smoke in public places; more than 2 in 10 have one or more parents who smoke.
- Close to 3 in 10 students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- One-third of the students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- Over three-quarters of smokers have tried to stop smoking in the past year.
- One in 5 students has an object with a cigarette brand logo on it.
- More than 6 in 10 students saw anti-smoking media messages in the past 30 days; Over half the students saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards and in newspapers or magazines in the past 30 days.